

### How to read a Paper

ISMLL

Mohsan Jameel

Mohsan Jameel, Informations Systems and Machine Learning Lab (ISMLL) Hildesheim, October 2017

Outline



How to read a paper

Common paper structure

Finding additional material

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#### How to read a paper

- Like novel or newspaper stories, scientific articles needs to be read differently.
- Since they are not books designed for students sometimes they are not self contained and requires some research to be fully understood.
- Understand a paper for a researcher means to be able to implement the described algorithm.

How to read a Paper How to read a paper

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#### How to read a paper

- ► Skim
- ► Re-read
- ► Analyze
- Summarize



### Skim

First get the "Big picture" by reading the title, abstract, and introduction carefully: this will tell you the major findings and why they matter.

- Quickly scan the article without taking notes: focus on headings and subheadings
- ► Note the publishing date and conference/journal
- Note terms and parts you don't understand.
   Only with the bigger picture you will understand how much it is necessary to investigate something.



#### **Re-read**

Read the article again, asking yourself questions such as:

- What problems is the study trying to solve?
- Are findings well supported by evidence?
- ► Is the study repeatable? (i.e. is the article self contained?)
- If you do not understand take some time to find a brief explanation of what you are not understanding (one-two sentences).
- ► Is the paper innovative?



#### Interpret

- Examine graphs and tables carefully
- ► Try to interpret data first before looking at captions
- When reading the discussion and results look after key issues and new findings
- Make sure you have distinguished the main points. If not go over the text again.

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#### Summarize

- ► Take notes and underline key points: it improves reading
- ► Decide what part of the paper needs to be expanded and how much.



#### Common paper structure

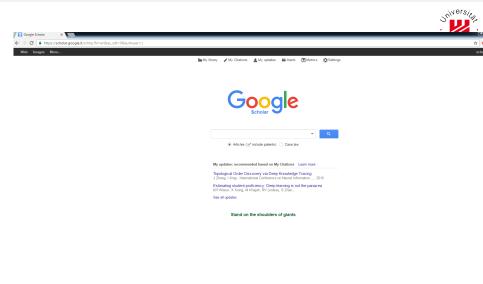
- Abstract
- Introduction
- State of the art
- Algorithms explanation
- Experiments
- Conclusions and future work
- References



Let's take this paper as an example:

"Huang, S., Wang, S., Liu, T. Y., Ma, J., Chen, Z., and Veijalainen, J. (2015, August). Listwise Collaborative Filtering. In Proceedings of the 38th International ACM SIGIR Conference on Research and Development in Information Retrieval (pp. 343-352). ACM."

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<mark>Articles</mark> Case law My library	Listwise Collaborative Filtering <u>S Huang</u> , S Wang, TY Liu, J Ma, <u>Z Chen</u> Proceedings of the 38th, 2015 - dl.acm org Abstract Recently, ranking-oriented collaborative filtering (CF) algorithms have achieved great success in recommender systems. They obtained state-of-the-act performances by estimating a preference ranking of items for each user rather than estimating the absolute Cited by 2. Related articles and 16 versions. Cite Save More	[PDF] researchgate.net		
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✓ include patents ✓ include citations	wise loss function when we use Cross En-tropy as metric, the <b>listwise</b> loss function Cited by 901 Related articles All 26 versions Cite Save More Probabilistic latent preference analysis for <b>collaborative filtering</b>	[PDF] cuhk.edu.hk		
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	Effort estimation based on <b>collaborative filtering</b> <u>NOhsugi</u> , <u>MTsunda</u> , <u>A Monden</u> ,, Conference on Product, 2004 - Springer Their results showed that listwise deletion technique did not performed well when the level of missing data was more than 30 In this paper, we propose <b>Collaborative Filtering</b> (CF) based effort estimation method, under the assumption that the (historical) predictor data have a	[PDF] toyo.ac.jp		

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#### Abstract

- Brief introduction to the topic
- Brief introduction to paper achievements
- Brief summary of the experiments



### Introduction

- Introduction to the topic
- Introduction of the main concepts
- Introduction of the main state of the art methods
- ► State of the art limitations
- Hypotheses
- Contributions



### The Importance of Hypotheses

- It is not enough to describe some new technique or system, some claim about it must be stated and evaluated
- In experimental research, hypotheses typically take one of these two forms:
  - ► Technique/system X automates task Y for the first time
  - ► Technique/system X automates task Y better, along some dimension, than each of its rivals
- In theoretical papers, the hypotheses are the statements of theorems and the supporting evidence is their proofs



### The Importance of Hypotheses

Technique/system X automates task Y better, along some dimension, than each of its rivals, where the dimensions are typically:

- Behavior: X has a higher success rate or produces better quality outputs than Y
- ► Coverage: X is applicable to a wider range of examples then Y
- Efficiency: X is faster or uses less space then Y
- Dependability: X is more reliable, safe or secure than its rivals
- ► Maintainability: X is easier to adapt and extend than its rivals
- ► Usability: Users find X easier to use than its rivals



### State of the art / Related work

- Is a broad and shallow account of the field, which helps to place the contribution of the paper in context
- What are the rival approaches?
- What are the drawbacks of each?
  - One sentence per method. Is it clear enough?
- ► How has the battle between different approaches progressed?
- What are the major outstanding problems?



### **Algorithm Explanation**

- First the authors introduce the algorithm from which they derived the new algorithm
- ► Then, the new algorithm is explained
- ► Contains:
  - Formulas
  - Pseudo code



Algorithm 1: The ListCF Algorithm
Input: An item set $I$ , a user set $U$ , and a rating matrix $R \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times N}$ . A set of rated items $I_u \subseteq I$ by
each user $u \in U$ . The maximal number of
iterations maxIteration and error threshold $\epsilon$ .
Output: A ranking $\hat{\tau}_u$ of items for each user $u \in U$ .
1 for $u \in U$ do
2 for $v \in U$ and $u \neq v$ do
3   $P_u, P_v \leftarrow \text{TopKProDist}(I_u, I_v, R)$ /* Eq.1 */
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5 end
6 $N_u \leftarrow \text{SelectNeighbors}(\{sim(u, v)\}_{v \in U/u})$
7 end
8 for $u \in U$ do
9   t = 1
10 repeat
11 $\varepsilon = 0$
12 Initialize( $\varphi_u^0$ )
13 for $g \in \mathcal{G}_{k}^{T_{u}}$ do
14 15 $\begin{vmatrix} \varphi_{u,g}^t \leftarrow \text{Update}(N_u, sim, R) \\ \varepsilon^t = \sqrt{\sum (\varphi_{u,g}^t - \varphi_{u,g}^{t-1})^2} \end{vmatrix}$ * Eq.8 */
15 $\varepsilon_{\pm} = \sqrt{\sum (\varphi_{u,g}^t - \varphi_{u,g}^{t-1})^2}$
16 end
17 $t \leftarrow t+1$
18 until $t > maxIteration \text{ or } \epsilon < \epsilon$ ;
19 for $t \in T_u$ do
20 $P(t) \leftarrow \text{Aggregation}(\{\varphi_{u,g}\}_{g \in \mathcal{G}_k^{T_u}})$
21 end
22 $\hat{\tau}_u \leftarrow \text{Ordering}(\{P(t)\}_{t \in T_u})$
23 end

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#### Experiments

#### Evaluation System

- ► What were the system specifications? cores, nodes, connectivity
- ► What was the technology used? MPI, Hadoop, HDFS, Spark, OpenMP

### Dataset Explanation

- What are the available information?
- ► What are the available statistics? E.g. number of users, items, sparsity etc.

### Evaluation protocol

- How is the error of the algorithm computed?
- Are there any other quantitative success measures?

### Experiments

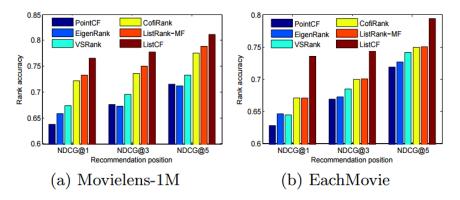
Are the results statistically significant?



### Table 2: Statistics on the three datasets.

	Movielens-1M	EachMovie	Netflix
#users	6,040	$36,\!656$	429,584
#items	3,952	$1,\!623$	17,770
#ratings	1,000,209	$2,\!580,\!222$	99,884,940
#ratings/user	165.6	70.4	232.5
#ratings/item	253.1	1589.8	5621.0
sparsity	93.7%	95.7%	98.7%





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#### Conclusions

- Repeats the contributions pointing out specifically how the paper addressed it
- Include future works



### Finding additional material

- ► If you don't understand something...
- ► This is not a book, it happens...
  - Try to pose yourself a specific questions
  - Look online

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#### Finding additional material

- A book explaining the algorithms
- A PhD thesis
- Tutorials
- Highly related state of the art papers

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Title 1–20	Cited by	Year
Strain engineering and one-dimensional organization of metal-insulator domains in single-crystal vanadium dioxide beams J Cao, E Ertein, V Srinivasan, WFan, S Huang, H Zheng, JWL Yim, Nature nanotechnology 4 (11), 732-737	266	2009
Contrasting patterns of retinoblastoma protein expression in mouse embryonic stem cells and embryonic fbroblasts. P Savatier, S Huang, L Szekely, KG Wiman, J Samanut Oncogene 9 (3), 809-818	248	1994
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